

Substitute Bill No. 5065

February Session, 2002

AN ACT CONCERNING FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT AND HAZARD MITIGATION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2002) (a) As used in this
- 2 section, "floodplain" means that area of a municipality located within
- 3 the real or theoretical limits of the base flood or base flood for a critical
- 4 activity, as determined by the municipality or the Federal Emergency
- 5 Management Agency in its flood insurance study or flood insurance
- 6 rate map for the municipality prepared pursuant to the National Flood
- 7 Insurance Program, 44 CFR Part 59 et seq.
- 8 (b) Whenever a municipality, pursuant to the National Flood
- 9 Insurance Program, 44 CFR Part 59 et seq., is required to revise its
- 10 zoning regulation or any other ordinance regulating a proposed
- 11 building, structure, development or use located in a floodplain, the
- 12 revision shall provide for restrictions for flood storage and conveyance
- of water for floodplains that are not tidally influenced as follows:
- 14 (1) Within a designated floodplain, encroachments resulting from
- 15 fill, new construction or substantial improvements, as defined in 44
- 16 CFR Part 59.1, involving an increase in footprint to the structure shall
- 17 be prohibited unless the applicant provides to the zoning commission
- 18 certification by a registered professional engineer that such
- 19 encroachment shall not result in any increase in base flood elevation;

- (2) The water holding capacity of the floodplain shall not be reduced by any form of development unless such reduction (A) is compensated for by deepening or widening the floodplain, (B) is on-site, unless adjacent property owners grant easements or the municipality in which the development is located authorizes off-site reduction, (C) is within the same hydraulic reach and a volume not previously used for flood storage, (D) is hydraulically comparable and incrementally equal to the theoretical volume of flood water at each elevation, up to and including the hundred year flood elevation, which would be displaced by the proposed project, and (E) has an unrestricted hydraulic connection to the same waterway or water body; and
- (3) Work within adjacent land subject to flooding, including work to provide compensatory storage, shall not restrict flows resulting in increased flood stage or velocity. Any compensatory storage may be provided off-site if authorized by the municipality.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, a municipality may adopt more stringent restrictions for flood storage and conveyance of water for floodplains that are not tidally influenced.
- Sec. 2. Section 16a-27 of the general statutes, as amended by section 3 of public act 01-9 of the June special session, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2002*):
 - (a) The secretary, after consultation with all appropriate state, regional and local agencies and other appropriate persons shall prior to March 1, 2003, complete a revision of the existing plan and enlarge it to include, but not be limited to, policies relating to transportation, energy and air. Any revision made after May 15, 1991, shall identify the major transportation proposals, including proposals for mass transit, contained in the master transportation plan prepared pursuant to section 13b-15. Any revision made after July 1, 1995, shall take into consideration the conservation and development of greenways that have been designated by municipalities and shall recommend that state agencies coordinate their efforts to support the development of a

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- 52 state-wide greenways system. The Commissioner of Environmental 53 Protection shall identify state-owned land for inclusion in the plan as 54 potential components of a state greenways system. Any revision made after March 1, 2003, shall (1) take into consideration risks associated 55 56 with natural hazards, including, but not limited to, flooding, high 57 winds and wildfires; (2) identify the potential impacts of natural 58 hazards on infrastructure and property; and (3) make 59 recommendations for the siting of future infrastructure and property 60 development to minimize the use of areas prone to natural hazards, 61 including, but not limited to, flooding, high winds and wildfires.
- 62 (b) Thereafter on or before March first in each revision year the 63 secretary shall complete a revision of the plan of conservation and 64 development.
- Sec. 3. Subdivision (4) of subsection (a) of section 7-536 of the general statutes, as amended by section 2 of public act 01-197, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2002):
 - (4) "Local capital improvement project" means a municipal capital expenditure project for any of the following purposes: (A) Road construction, renovation, repair or resurfacing, (B) sidewalk and pavement improvements, (C) construction, renovation, enlargement or repair of sewage treatment plants and sanitary or storm, water or sewer lines, including separation of lines, (D) public building construction other than schools, including renovation, repair, code compliance, energy conservation and fire safety projects, (E) construction, renovation, enlargement or repair of dams, bridges and flood control projects, (F) construction, renovation, enlargement or repair of water treatment or filtration plants and water mains, (G) construction, renovation or enlargement of solid waste facilities, (H) improvements to public parks, (I) the preparation and revision of local capital improvement plans projected for a period of not less than five years and so prepared as to show the general description, need and estimated cost of each individual capital improvement,

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85 improvements to emergency communications systems, (K) public 86 housing projects, including renovations and improvements and energy 87 conservation and the development of additional housing, (L) 88 renovations to or construction of veterans' memorial monuments, (M) 89 improvements to information technology systems to manage the 90 century date change effect, as defined in section 4d-16, (N) thermal 91 imaging systems, (O) bulky waste and landfill projects, [and] (P) the 92 preparation and revision of municipal plans of conservation and 93 development adopted pursuant to section 8-23, provided such plans 94 are endorsed by the legislative body of the municipality not more than 95 one hundred eighty days after adoption by the commission, and (Q) 96 floodplain management and hazard mitigation activities. "Local capital 97 improvement project" means only capital expenditures and includes 98 repairs incident to reconstruction and renovation but does not include 99 ordinary repairs and maintenance of an ongoing nature.

- 100 Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2002) The Commissioner of 101 Environmental Protection shall develop guidelines to be used by 102 municipalities in revising ordinances restricting flood storage and 103 conveyance of water for floodplains that are not tidally influenced. 104 Such guidelines shall include, but not be limited to, a model ordinance 105 that may be used by municipalities to comply with the provisions of 106 section 1 of this act. The commissioner shall make the guidelines 107 available to the public.
- 108 Sec. 5. Subsection (d) of section 20-327b of the general statutes is 109 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 110 October 1, 2002):
 - (d) (1) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection, shall, by regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, prescribe the form of the written residential disclosure report required by this section and sections 20-327c to 20-327e, inclusive. The regulations shall provide that the form include information concerning municipal assessments, including, but not limited to, sewer or water charges applicable to the property. Such information shall include: (i)

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- 118 Whether such assessment is in effect and the amount of the
- 119 assessment; (ii) whether there is an assessment on the property that
- has not been paid, and if so, the amount of the unpaid assessment; and 120
- 121 (iii) to the extent of the seller's knowledge, whether there is reason to
- 122 believe that the municipality may impose an assessment in the future.
- 123 (2) Such form of the written residential disclosure report shall
- 124 contain the following:
- 125 (A) A certification by the seller in the following form:
- 126 "To the extent of the seller's knowledge as a property owner, the
- 127 seller acknowledges that the information contained above is true and
- 128 accurate for those areas of the property listed. In the event a real estate
- 129 broker or salesperson is utilized, the seller authorizes the brokers or
- 130 salespersons to provide the above information to prospective buyers,
- 131 selling agents or buyers' agents.

- 132 (B) A certification by the buyer in the following form:
- 133 "The buyer is urged to carefully inspect the property and, if desired,
- 134 to have the property inspected by an expert. The buyer understands
- 135 that there are areas of the property for which the seller has no
- 136 knowledge and that this disclosure statement does not encompass
- 137 those areas. The buyer also acknowledges that the buyer has read and
- 138 received a signed copy of this statement from the seller or seller's
- 139 agent.

Т3	(Date)	(Seller)
T4	(Date)	(Seller)"

- 140 (C) A statement concerning the responsibility of real estate brokers 141 in the following form:
- "This report in no way relieves a real estate broker of the broker's obligation under the provisions of section 20-328-5a of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies to disclose any material facts. Failure to do so could result in punitive action taken against the broker, such as fines, suspension or revocation of license."
- 147 (D) A statement that any representations made by the seller on the 148 written residential disclosure report shall not constitute a warranty to 149 the buyer.
- 150 (E) A statement that the written residential disclosure report is not a 151 substitute for inspections, tests and other methods of determining the 152 physical condition of property.
 - (F) Information concerning environmental matters such as lead, radon, subsurface sewage disposal, flood hazards and such other topics as the Commissioner of Consumer Protection may determine would be of interest to a buyer.
- 157 (G) A statement that information concerning the residence address 158 of a person convicted of a crime may be available from law 159 enforcement agencies or the Department of Public Safety and that the 160 Department of Public Safety maintains a site on the Internet listing 161 information about the residence address of persons required to register 162 under section 54-251, 54-252, 54-253 or 54-254, who have so registered.
- Sec. 6. Section 22a-27j of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2002*):

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(a) Any person, firm or corporation, other than a municipality, making an application for any approval required by chapters 124, 126, 440 and 444 shall pay a fee of ten dollars, in addition to any other fee which may be required, to the municipal agency or legislative body which is authorized to approve the application. On and after July 1, 2002, the fee shall be twenty dollars. Such municipal agency or legislative body shall collect such fees, retaining [one dollar] two dollars of such fee for administrative costs, and shall pay the remainder of such fees quarterly to the Department of Environmental Protection and the receipts shall be deposited into an account of the State Treasurer and credited to the Environmental Quality Fund established pursuant to section 22a-27g. The portion of such fund attributable to the fees established by this section shall be used by the Department of Environmental Protection as follows: (1) Fifty per cent shall be used for the purpose of funding the environmental review teams program of the Bureau of Water Management within said department, the Council on Soil and Water Conservation established pursuant to section 22a-315 and the eight county soil and water conservation districts; and (2) fifty per cent shall be deposited into the hazard mitigation and floodplain management account established pursuant to section 7 of this act and used for grants under section 9 of this act.

(b) Not later than three months following the close of each fiscal year starting with fiscal year July 1, 2000, the Department of Environmental Protection shall identify those municipalities that are not in compliance with subsection (a) of this section for the previous fiscal year and shall provide the Office of Policy and Management with a list of such municipalities. The list shall be submitted annually and in such manner as the Office of Policy and Management may require. The Office of Policy and Management, when issuing the first payment from the Mashantucket Pequot and Mohegan Fund established pursuant to section 3-55i, in the fiscal year during which said list is received, shall reduce said payment to a municipality by five hundred dollars for each quarter of the preceding fiscal year that the municipality has not

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- 199 been in compliance with subsection (a) of this section to a maximum of
- 200 [two] four thousand dollars in each fiscal year. The Office of Policy and
- 201 Management shall certify to the State Comptroller the amount of any
- 202 funds withheld under this subsection to be transferred to the
- 203 Environmental Quality Fund for the uses set forth in subsection (a) of
- 204 this section, and the State Comptroller shall cause said amount to be
- 205 transferred to such fund.
- Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2002) There is established an account 206
- 207 to be known as the "hazard mitigation and floodplain management
- 208 account". The hazard mitigation and floodplain management account
- 209 shall be an account of the Environmental Quality Fund established
- 210 under section 22a-27g of the general statutes. Notwithstanding any
- 211 provision of the general statutes, any moneys required by law to be
- 212 deposited in the account shall be deposited in the Environmental
- 213 Quality Fund and credited to the hazard mitigation and floodplain
- 214 management account. Any balance remaining in the account at the end
- 215 of any fiscal year shall be carried forward in the account for the fiscal
- 216 year next succeeding. The account shall be available to the
- 217 Commissioner of Environmental Protection for the purposes of
- 218 sections 8 to 12, inclusive, of this act.
- 219 Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2002) As used in sections 9 to 12,
- 220 inclusive, of this act:
- 221 (1) "Hazard mitigation" means activities that include, but are not
- 222 limited to, actions taken to reduce or eliminate long-term risk to
- 223 human life, infrastructure and property resulting from natural hazards
- 224 including, but not limited to, flooding, high winds and wildfires; and
- 225 (2) "Floodplain management" means activities that include, but are
- 226 not limited to, actions taken to retain the existing capacity of
- 227 designated floodplain areas to store and convey flood waters.
- 228 Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2002) (a) The Commissioner of
- Environmental Protection shall establish and administer a hazard 229
- 230 mitigation and floodplain management grant program to reimburse

municipalities for costs incurred in the reduction or elimination of long-term risks to human life, infrastructure and property from natural hazards, including, but not limited to, flooding, high winds and wildfires, and in the retention of present capacity of designated floodplain areas to store and convey flood waters. Application for a grant shall be made in writing to the commissioner in such form as the commissioner may prescribe and shall include a description of the purpose, objectives and budget of the activities to be funded by the grant. The chief executive officer of the municipality applying for the grant may designate the town planner, director of public works, police chief, fire chief or emergency management director as the agent to make the application.

- (b) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall establish, by regulations adopted in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, relative priorities for the approval of grants under this section. Such priorities may take into account the differing needs of municipalities, the need for consistency and equity in the distribution of grant awards and the extent to which particular projects may advance the purposes of this section. The commissioner may establish further criteria for the approval of grants under this section. Not later than February 1, 2004, the commissioner shall develop and disseminate a pamphlet that describes the evaluation process for grant applications under this section. In awarding grants under this section, the commissioner shall consult with any person the commissioner deems necessary.
- (c) The commissioner shall authorize grant awards under this section on or before July thirty-first and December thirty-first of each fiscal year in which payment of a grant is to be made.
- 259 (d) The commissioner shall allocate not less than sixty per cent of 260 the moneys in the hazard mitigation and floodplain management 261 account in any fiscal year for grants under this section.
- 262 Sec. 10. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2002) (a) On and after July 1,

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- 263 2003, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall make grants 264 to municipalities from the hazard mitigation and floodplain 265 management account, established under section 7 of this act, for 266 hazard mitigation and floodplain management.
 - (b) If the commissioner finds that any grant awarded pursuant to this section is being used for other purposes or to supplant a previous source of funds, the commissioner may require repayment.
 - (c) The commissioner shall allocate moneys in the hazard mitigation and floodplain management account, established under section 7 of this act, in accordance with this section. The commissioner shall accord highest priority to projects which involve (1) the preparation or revision of hazard mitigation plans by municipalities, or (2) participation in the community rating system of the National Flood Insurance Program. The commissioner shall accord secondary priority to projects which involve (A) the execution of hazard mitigation projects by municipalities in accordance with approved hazard mitigation plans; and (B) costs for administering and providing financial assistance for the hazard mitigation and floodplain management grant program established under section 10 of this act.
 - (d) On or before September 1, 2004, and annually thereafter, the commissioner shall submit a report describing the activities performed with such allocated moneys for the preceding fiscal year to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development and the environment.
 - Sec. 11. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2002) (a) Each municipality that receives a grant from the hazard mitigation and floodplain management account established under section 7 of this act shall submit a report to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, in such form as the commissioner prescribes, not later than September first of the fiscal year following the year such grant was received. Such report shall contain a description of activities paid for with financial assistance under the grant. The chief executive officer of a municipality

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that receives a grant from the hazard mitigation and floodplain management account may designate the town planner, director of public works, police chief, fire chief or emergency management director of that municipality as the agent to make such report.

(b) On or before January 1, 2005, and annually thereafter, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall submit a report on grants made under section 10 of this act for the preceding fiscal year to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to planning and development and the environment. Each such report shall include: (1) A description of the grants made, including the amount, purposes and the municipalities to which they were made; (2) a summary of the activities for which the Department of Environmental Protection used the moneys allocated to it under section 8 of this act; and (3) any findings or recommendations concerning the operation and effectiveness of the grant program.

Sec. 12. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2002*) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of sections 8 to 11, inclusive, of this act.

This act shall take effect as follows:		
Section 1	October 1, 2002	
Sec. 2	October 1, 2002	
Sec. 3	October 1, 2002	
Sec. 4	October 1, 2002	
Sec. 5	October 1, 2002	
Sec. 6	July 1, 2002	
Sec. 7	July 1, 2002	
Sec. 8	July 1, 2002	
Sec. 9	July 1, 2002	
Sec. 10	October 1, 2002	
Sec. 11	July 1, 2002	
Sec. 12	July 1, 2002	

PD Joint Favorable Subst. C/R ENV

ENV Joint Favorable Subst.

FIN Joint Favorable